UKA TARSADIA UNIVERSITY

Department of Commerce

Internal examination

Semester II

Subject Name: Environmental studies

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3. Question with double tick will not be checked.

Max. Marks: 25 Date: 30.04.2016		Time: 1 hour		
	Multiple choice question:		[25]	
1)	Nation which have large portion of diver	sity are called		
-			e nation	
	A) Mega diversity nationB) High diversity nation	D) Mega n	ation	
	When a source of pollution can be identified, it is called			
	A) Severe pollution	C) Source pollution		
	B) Point source pollution	D) Chronic pollution		
3)	According to CPCB report 2003,	air is most noxious.		
	A) Kanpur B) Sholapur	C) Lucknow	D) Ahmedabad	
4)	Aesthetic value of which plant is high?			
	A) Babul B) Neem			
5)	According to The Forest Protection Act, cattle trespass is prohibited in which type of			
	forest?			
	A) Reserve forest	C) Both A a		
	B) Protected forest	D) None of		
6)	Variety of animals present in a village is			
	A) Ecosystem diversity	C) Species D) Any of	-	
7)	5	, , ,		
7)	The treatment which includes physical process of pollution removal is calledA) Primary treatmentC) Sewage treatment			
	A) Primary treatment			
رە دە	B) Secondary treatment		legree treatment	
oj	Which horizon of soil does not contain an A) O horizon B) A horizon			
91	What is the Reason behind the less biodi	-	-	
"				
	A) They naturally have lessB) They over exploit it	D) None o		
10)Main 18 hotspot of the world comp	<u> </u>		
10	biodiversity?		mount of world's total	
	A) 10% B) 20%	C) 25%	D)	
	50%	-) / 0	-)	
11)Main effect of nuclear accident is			
	A) Environmental effect	C) Psychological effect		
	B) Health effect	D) All the a	•	
12)The place which has rarest and most dist	-		
12	A) Global 200 B) eco regio			
13	By mixing of what smog is generated?	n oj notspot		
10	A) Smoke + fog B) smoke + mist	C) fog + mist	D) smoke + dust	

14)Which of the following body will provide support to the Central Government for				
making laws for pollution control?				
A) CPCB B) SPCB	C) GPCB D) All the above			
15)Which of the following are examples of pathogens?				
A) Bacteria, virus, insect	C) Bacteria, virus, protozoa			
B) Virus, insect, protozoa	D) Bacteria, insect, protozoa			
16)Near to the equator the height of troposphere is about				
A) 17km B) 15km	C) 12km D) 20km			
17) The amount of oxygen required by chemical for breaking down waste in water is				
called				
A) Chemical oxygen demand	C) Biological oxygen demand			
B) Biological demand	D) Biological dissolved oxygen			
18)Carcinogens in air can be a part of which pollutant?				
A) Sulfur oxides	C) Hydrocarbons			
B) Nitrogen oxides	D) Suspended particulate matter			
19)The Wildlife Act was implemented in which year?				
A) 1972 B) 1974	C) 1984 D) 1980			
20)In globe most of the biorich nations are present on which side?				
A) East B) West	C)North D) South			
21)Which of the following is natural cause of	of climate change?			
A) Volcanoes	C) Deforestation			
B) Human activities	D) All the above			
22)Which of the following endangered species is being killed at the coast of Gujarat?				
A) Whale shark B) Marine turtle	C) Katla D) Rohu			
23)The Air Pollution Control Act was passed in which year?				
A) 1981 B) 1989	C) 1972 D) 1971			
24)By whom the first law for controlling air pollution was implemented?				
A) King Edward	C) King Edward II			
B) King Edward I	D) King Edward III			
25)In which group the species comes if number of individuals is less and also present				
only in one place?				
A) Epidemic species	C) Endangered species			
B) Endemic species	D) Extinted species			